| TED | (15) - | 3032 |
|-------|--------|-------|
| (RFVI | SION _ | 2015) |

| Reg. No |) | |
|-----------|---|------|
| Signature | e | |

DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/TECHNOLOGY/ MANAGEMENT/COMMERCIAL PRACTICE — APRIL, 2019

ELECTRICAL MEASURING INSTRUMENTS

[Time: 3 hours

(Maximum marks: 100)

PART — A

(Maximum marks: 10)

Marks

- I Answer all questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 2 marks.
 - 1. State the term dead beat.
 - 2. Name the type of damping provided in Electrodynamometer type wattmeter.
 - 3. Identify the terminals of an earth tester.
 - 4. Define ground fault in cables.
 - 5. Write the purpose of focusing electrode in CRO.

 $(5 \times 2 = 10)$

PART — B

(Maximum marks: 30)

- II Answer any five of the following questions. Each question carries 6 marks.
 - 1. Draw and identify the parts of a PMMC type instrument.
 - 2. List out any three sources of errors and its remedies in measuring instruments.
 - 3. Explain the calibration of a wattmeter.
 - 4. Draw the schematic diagram of three phase two element energy meter.
 - 5. Derive the value of unknown resistance using wheat stone's bridge.
 - 6. Describe the measurement of earth resistance by fall of potential method.
 - 7. List out any six applications of CRO.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30)$

PART — C

(Maximum marks: 60)

(Answer one full question from each unit. Each full question carries 15 marks.)

UNIT — I

| III | (a) | A moving coil instrument takes 100mA for full scale deflection and the meter coil has a resistance of 12Ω . Calculate the value of shunt and the value of multiplying power of shunt to extend the range to measure a current of 10A . | 8 |
|------|------|---|-----|
| | (b) | Describe the working of a moving iron attraction type instrument. | 7 |
| | | OR | |
| IV | .(a) | Illustrate gravity control with the help of a neat sketch. | 8 |
| | (b) | List out and explain different operating torques of an indicating instrument. | 7 |
| | | Unit — II | |
| V | (a) | Describe the construction details of a dynamometer type wattmeter. | 8 |
| | (b) | List out any seven sources of errors in dynamometer type instruments. | 7 |
| | | O _R | |
| VI | (a) | Draw the connection diagram of measuring 3phase power using two wattmeter. | 8 |
| | (b) | Explain the calibration of energy meter by direct loading. | 7 |
| | | Unit — III | |
| VII | (a) | Illustrate the working of an insulation megger. | 8 |
| | (b) | Explain the measurement of resistance by voltmeter ammeter method. | 7 |
| | | | |
| | | O _R | |
| VIII | (a) | Describe murray loop test for ground fault in cables. | . 8 |
| | (b) | Explain Maxwell bridge for the measurement of inductance. | 7 |
| | | Unit — IV | |
| IX | (a) | Illustrate the working of a single phase Electrodynamometer power factor meter. | 8 |
| | (b) | Describe the working of a Weston synchroscope. | 7 |
| | | OR | |
| X | (a) | Draw the block diagram of a CRO. | 8 |
| | (b) | Draw and identify the parts of a resonance type frequency meter. | 7 |
| | | | |